NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, PROPRIETOR.

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BOTH YEAR-----NO. 2 AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY AND EVENING.

STANDARD THEATRE-SHIP AROY, 8:15 P. M. METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE-SYMPHONY CONCERT, 2 P. M.; ASRAEL, 3 P. M.

TONY PASTOR'S—NEW YEAR'S JUSILEE COMPANY, 2 P. M.; NEW PARK THEATRE—THE LIMPOTIANS, 2:15 P. M.; 8:15 P. M. PROCTOR'S THEATRE-MEN AND WOMEN, S.P. M.
FOURTHEATH STREET THEATRE-BLUE JEANS, S.P. M. WINDSOR THEATRE-THE CHARITY BALL, S.P. M. GARDEN THEATRE-SUSSET and DR. BILL, S P. M.

BIJOU THEATRE—A THEAS STREE, 8:15 P. M. PALMER'S THEATRE—JUDAH, 8:15 P. M. STAR THEATRE-THE SENATOR-S P. M. MADISON SQUARE THEATRE-AFTERTHOUGHTS and A PAIN OF SPECTACLES, 8:30 P. M. BROADWAY THEATRE-IOLASTHE, 8:15 P. M. NIBLO'S-BARES IN THE WOOD, 2 P. M.; S P. M. PIFTH AVENUE THEATRE-CLEOPATRA, S.P. M, PEOPLE'S THEATRE-MONEY MAD, SP. M.

ACADEMY-OLD HOMESTEAD, 8:15 P. M.
UNION SQUARE THEATRE-COUNTY FAIR, 8:15 P. M. COLUMBUS THEATRE-MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK, 8:15 DALY'S THEATRE-THE LAST WORD, 8:15 P. M. AMBERG THEATRE—DEG ARME JONATHAN, S.P. M. GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Uncle Joe, S.P. M. HERRMANN'S THEATRE—HERRMANN, 8:30 P. M. HARRIGAN'S THEATRE-REILLY AND THE 400, S P. M.;

EIGHTH STREET THEATRE-PANTONINE, 8 P. M. HARLEM OPERA HOUSE-INTERNATIONAL SPECIALTY COMPANY, 8:15 P. M. CASINO-POOR JONATHAN, 8:15 P. M. LYCEUM THEATRE-THE IDLER, 8:30 P. M. KOSTER & BIAL'S-CARMENCITA and O'NERO, 8 P. M. RDEN MUSEE-OTERO, S P. M. HUBER'S PALACE MUSEUM-Hourly performances. AMERICAN ART GALLERIES-THE ANGELUS. DORIS' MUSEE-Hourly performances.

CYCLORAMA OF GETTYSBURG-Day and Evening.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1891. This paper has the largest circulation in the Umited States.

Notice is hereby given to the public that no person, is authorized to solicit advertisements or subscriptions for this paper and that it employs no

HIGH WATER MARK. Circulation...190,500



Cable messages for all parts of Europe direct received at the company's branch office in the HERALD building, corner of Broadway and Ann street.

The weather to-day in New York and its vieinity (including points within thirty miles of the city) promises to be generally warmer and from cloudy to partly cloudy, preceded by rain and followed by clearing, colder conditions. Tomorrow it promises to be generally fair and considerably colder, preceded by cloudiness.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

By Commercial Cable the HERALD receives from Its correspondent the intelligence that Mr. Leonard Jerome is reported to be dying.

Mr. O'Brien is kept busy denying false rumors sirculated by news agencies in connection with the

The house belonging to Secretary James G. Blaine, and occupied by L. Z. Leiter, on Dupont Circle, Washington, was on fire vesterday. Much valuable furniture and many fine gowns were

Dannemora Prison was partially destroyed by are yesterday. All the prisoners were saved. The

New Yorkers, surrounded by fog on land and water, had a dull New Year. The storm prevailed

story of collecting the dead white soldiers after the battle at Wounded Knee. Some democratic papers are claiming thirty-two

ach county must have one member would reduce New York's quota to thirty.

Dr. J. B. Hays was attacked on Union square by ruffians, who attempted to rob him.

The seven story manufacturing building on the corner of Centre and Broome streets was burned, with a loss, as estimated, of \$200,000.

Joseph Kohler, a butcher, employed in a west side abattoir, after drinking hard imagined he was a wild steer and ran amuck on Seventh avenue with horns on his head and a knife in his band. He stabbed four persons.

Mrs. John B. Christianson, while suffering from puerperal mania, administered carbolic acid instead of kummel to her baby daughter, Edna, with fatal result.

All of the city and county officials elected in November assumed office.

advanced phthisis at the Montefiore Home, while a lupus case is ready to be dismissed from Mount

Never Print a paid advertisement as news an advertisement-no sailing under false colors. - Charles A. Dana's Address to the spect each other more. Wisconsin Editorial Association, Milwaukee, July 24, 1888.

A Story Is Told of an advertiser who presented himself at the New York HERALD counter with a three thousand dollar roll as an offer for a half column advertisement with a good sized cut accompanying it. The "ad." was refused without even consulting Mr. Howland. There is a standing rule in the Herald office to never insert advertising cuts. - Exchange.

THE EXPENDITURES FOR PENSIONS for the year ending June 30, as now officially stated, amounted to \$109,357,534. In the previous year we paid \$87.644,779 11, while in the year before that we paid \$80,288,508 77. The cost of the German army, it may be interesting to note, is for this year estimated at \$91,726,293. Besides our peuslons our army costs \$30,000,000.

A Matter for the People to Consider. Why is the Behring Sea correspondence withheld so long from the public?

Its submission to Congress at an early day was promised by the President in his message, a month ago. The country he's since awaited its publication with keen interest and some anxiety. But it has waited in

It is high time to end the delay. No issue of greater moment now confronts the nation. It is not an issue to be dealt with in secret or left to party control.

To say that it involves the peaceful relations of the United States not only with Great Britain, but also other foreign Powers, is simply to speak the sober truth without needless alarm.

There can be no such danger, no such menace, if patriotism, wisdom and broad statesmanship are to prevail in the diplomatic treatment of the question. But if party ends are to be put above the welfare of the nation, if political capital is to be sought by jingoism, an alarm cannot be sounded too soon or too loudly.

Lay the whole matter before the countrythe facts and the arguments on both sides, the claims of the administration and the contention of the British government. Let popular sentiment be voiced through the press and the people's representatives in Congress. Then if the verdict of the people be that the United States has an exclusive right to the Behring Sea fisheries beyond as well as within the three mile shore limit, maintain that right against all comers.

But until the right is made clear to the honor of the nation, it is a duty of patriotic journalism fearlessly to oppose any attempt of a party in power to endanger the peace of the country for party ends.

It is the part of diplomacy to settle amicably disputes of this kind, to ward off war when peace can be maintained with honor. It is the part of a free press to insist that the welfare of the people shall be served by the representatives of the people.

All the more important is it that this whole matter should be made public, because there is reason to believe that a halt should and will be called upon the course adopted by President Harrison and Secretary Blaine-a course which can only lead to mischief if followed. It means in effect that England must back down whether we are right or wrong.

Well, England is not likely to back down unless Mr. Blaine succeeds in maintaining his claim, and the prospect in that direction is not very promising. Nor has the Secretary met with much better success in convincing lawyers and others in this country who have studied the subject. Indeed, he has evidently found it difficult to satisfy his own mind for any length of time, judging from the frequency with which he has shifted his ground.

That the right claimed by the Secretary of State and the President is not clear or free from serious doubt is shown not only by the contention of England, but also by the wide criticisms made upon it in this country. A claim thus seriously disputed at home as well as abroad may well be left to arbitration. But Mr. Harrison and Mr. Blaine decline arbitration without an assurance that their claim will be affirmed.

In the hands of the present administration the question has assumed a gravity that calls for national consideration. Hence the President cannot give the correspondence to Congress and the public too soon,

Marine Bills Reported.

Important bills containing legislation necessary to carry out various recommendations of the International Marine Conference of 1889 have been reported from committees and placed on the calendar in the United States Senate.

One of these is the bill to establish a marine board for the advancement of the merchant marine-a measure of great moment to the commerce of the United States, Others are for the regulation of steam vessels, the issuance to navigation of notices of danger and provision of reforms urgently needed for the protection of the shipping

It is extremely desirable that these measures should be very carefully considered and promptly acted upon by both houses of HERALD correspondents in the field relate the | Congress. Last month it was reported from Washington that these bills would be laid before the Senate on the 1st of December. members, or one-quarter of the Assembly, for New | The legislation now called for is already | who resolved not to make one.

York city, but the constitutional requirement that far behind time, It should have been perfected as soon as the International Marine Conference adjourned. All who are interested in navigation and ocean commerce will look for speedy action on the bills now before the Senate.

The South and the Force Bill. The industrial progress of the South during the year just ended is something marvellous. The assessed value of property down vonder for 1890 is more than three hundred millions above the assessment for

Northern capital is finding safe and profitable investment in every field of Southern Decided improvement is observed in cases of enterprise. The bond of unity between the two sections is being strengthened; old animosities and prejudices are dying out. Mutual interest in manufactures, saw mills, cotton, iron mines, smelting works brings matter. Let every advertisement appear as ous into closer relationship. We understand each other better than ever before and re-

For many years the South struggled with unparalleled adversities. It had all the natural means of wealth, but no money with which to develop its resources. To the last degree plucky, borrowing hope from a future which was sure to repay their efforts, its young Hatterns, men went to work with a will. There were fortunes to be had, and they were determined to get them. What had been done in sturdy New England and in the majestic West they were bound to do in the South. Success so far crowned their endeavor that the wonder and surprise of the North changed to admiration. We found them close on our heels in the race, and soon learned that we must strike a stronger gait or they would forge ahead.

Then came the Force bill, the last rancorous relic of ancient hatred. It is a coarse, brutal insult to a people who are doing all that could be expected with a race problem so serious and grave that we may well thank God we are not ourselves called upon to handle it. Under the plea of fair elections it hides an inordinate greed of party, which would endanger the Republic for the sake of another lease of power,

If that bill is pushed through the Senate the republicans may gain a small advantage, but the country will suffer incalculable loss. Bitterness will return, the gulf of separation will be widened, business will be injuredfor capital is shy in the presence of uncertainty-and the hands on the clock of progress will be set back,

That bill represents a malignant purpose and its enactment would be little short of a crime. The common sense of the country is against it. It is urged by surly, frantic, frenzied demagogues, who would imperil the government rather than lose a personal advantage.

In spite of their efforts, the bill, we believe, will be killed. If not, then the republican party, as its author and sponsor, should be buried out of sight at the next Presidential election.

The Governor and Mr. Dana. The Legislature will meet in a few days, and very soon thereafter Governor Hill will show his hand on the Senatorial question.

He has been intensely reticent during the last week or two, and with very good reason. He couldn't take the public into his confidence, for he would be compelled to confess that while his judgment favored the claims of Mr. Dana, he trembled before the club of Smith M. Weed. Such an admission would make any Governor seem ridicjudgment of the people, and its assertion is | ulous, and we therefore congratulate him on his silence.

The matter stands thus:-There are two candidates, the one a man whom the office seeks; the other a man who seeks the office. Mr. Dana would honor the position; Mr. Weed would be honored by the position. We all know that. Nobody knows it better than Mr. Hill.

And yet the Governor hesitates. He is in the position of St. Paul-the only instance in which any resemblance can be tracedwho said, What I would, that I do not; but what I would not, that I do, or words to that effect. He admires Mr. Dana and if he were a free man would name him at once. But the spectre of Weed looming gaunt and grim seems to terrify him. Weed thunders, threatens, bulldozes and Hill grows melancholy and timid.

Ah, Governor, if you can brush aside your fears, say to Weed, "Get thee behind me-dear sir," and follow your convictions, we shall have a Senator of whom the people of New York will be proud.

THERE HAS BEEN a good deal of newspaper discussion as to the constitutional power of Congress to demand answers to the questions put by the federal census enumerators.

A case is pending in the United States District Court in Rhode Island in which a farmer was indicted for refusing to answer about his wife's property. The indictment was demurred to on a plea involving the interpretation of the statute, and no question seems to be raised as to the constitutionality of the act.

That is rather curious. It would be interesting to have the views of the United States Supreme Court on the power of Congress in this matter.

PRESIDENT HARRISON says the people don't understand the McKinley bill and Senator Edmunds declares that it is immaterial to him whether they like the Bayonet bill or

Perhaps the people had better abdicate. If they don't Harr son and Edmunds may have to take off their little crowns and drop the rôle of King and Prince.

IT Is Sam that the physicians in the Health Board have received about a gallon of lymph from Berlin. They are not going to waste the precious stuff, but propose to gown pump the whole of it into Hans Beattie and then sit down on a muddy curbstone and watch the effect.

THE RUSSIANS are away behind the age in some matters. A Siberian police captain has a salary of fifty dollars a month and barely manages to save enough to support an establishment that costs five thousand a

On the New York "Force" that would be considered from "fair to middling," no more. PROBABLY THE ONLY MAN who will keep the resolution he made yesterday is the man

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

HERALD WEATHER FORECASTS.—The Western storm centre, developing great force, is now near Lake Erie, and will probably move toward the St. Lawrence Valley, with heavy snow and rain. It will cause high winds off the Atlantic coasts from Cape May to Eastport, Me., preceded by fog. Temper-ature rose in the central and Atlantic States yesterday, and fell in the Mississippi Valley and westward to the Pacific slope; the chief minimum reported in the evening was 4 degrees, at Moorhead, Minn.; the chief maximum 72, at Key West. Heavy enow has fallen in the lake region and heavy rain in the Ohio Valley. In this city and suburban districts to-day warmer, cloudy to partly cloudy weather will probably prevail, preceded by fog and rain, with brisk southeasterly and southerly winds, followed by clearing, slightly colder conditions. In the Middle States to-day warmer, cloudy to partly cloudy weather and brisk southerly to west erly winds will prevail, preceded by rain, followed by clearing and cooler weather; and in New England cloudy, warmer weather, rain or snow and brisk southerly winds, increasing in force. On Saturday in this city and section and in New England partly cloudy to fair, colder weather will probably prevail, preceded by snow or rain near the lakes and eastward to the New England coasts, with brisk westerly to northwesterly winds, with the advance of a severe cold wave, and on Sunday colder, fair weather. South bound steamers now leaving New York will have fresh to strong southerly and southwesterly winds to Cape

THE GIRL ON A BICYCLE, "Twas called a "safety," and when Bells Rode forth to conquer hearts upon it, He was enchanted by her spell. She looked a poet's dream—a sonnet. She proudly showed him how to turn A figure eight, and wrote her name; He walked beside, but naught could learn-Her sparkling eyes deserved the blame.

Quite overcome, he had to tell A tale he scarce found words to say; And poor, distracted, blushing Belle Twisted the handle the wrong way.

They gathered up each gory part Of him who'd vowed his heart was cracked; But the doctors said that self same heart Was his only fragment left intact! THE GIRL OF THE PERIOD. The girl of the period-the one with a

me dot. A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS. (From the European Edition of the Herald.)



A FETCHING COSTUME.

This dress has the form of a sheath-i. e., is with out a break at the waist. It is fastened at the shoulders by two bows of ribbon. The belt is fastened on the hips on each side, as seen in the illustration, and is made of broad ribbon. Round the neck and down the front are a ruff and jabot of old There are no sleeves, and long suede gloves should be worn with this dress. THE GIRL OF THE "L"

She scorned advice, was independent, very-But now her lotty pride has had a fall; The other day she started for South ferry, THE GIRL OF THE CHURCH CHOIR.

Bessie-Do you know why Miss Bellows' left the church choir? Jessie-She said she had so many notes to sing that she couldn't get time during service to answer

those the tenor wrote to her!

Down

THE UPRIGHT GIBL. Dear Belle was honest as the day, No contribution she'd mislay: Nor would this maiden ever miss Returning a rejected kiss! THE TODOGGANING GIRL The maiden with the rounded form And cheeks with health aglow. Rejoices greatly when she sees The first good fall of snow. She knows the season is at hand With both his arms around her waist,

> the toboggan

THE GIRL OF THE MATINER. He-How did you enjoy the acting at the matinee? She-It was something atrocious! The color of the leading lady's gown didn't match the ribbon on her pug dog's neck!

THE GIRL WHO PRUGGLES. She-George, you are a bundle of inconsistencies! George-Why, what do you mean? What have I

She-All last summer at the beach you gave me nothing but gas; now you become economical and want it turned down!

THE GIBL OF THE PARLOR. Maud-How did the mis tletos work, Ethel? Any engagement to report? Ethel-Don't say a word or I shall cry. I waltzed

under it twenty times, but of course I couldn't

Maud-Didn't George take advantage of that? Ethel-No; but after he had his coat on to go he called my attention to a card that imp of a brother of mine had put up-think of it!- "Beware of the

poison ivy!" THE CHURCHGOING GIRL. I'd like to own the harp that David played, I would I owned the jawbone Samson bore; But, most of all, I wish I were arrayed In those fine gems the Queen of Shebs were. THE GIRL OF THE RETCHEN.

Mother-Mabel, when will you learn something about cookery; I thought I told you an hour ago to stuff the turkey with chestnuts! Mabel-I don't care, ma, the turkey wouldn't eat em; really, I believe the poor thing is dead! THE GIRL OF THE PUTCHE.

Trembling youth-Madam, I love you to distraction; will you be my wife? Girl of the future-You may leave your refer ences and call again!

THE GIRL OF THE BALLBOOM.

Chappie-Excuse me, miss, for stepping on your Belle of the ball-Don't mention it, pray; you do not weigh enough to tear it! THE GIBL ON HORSEBACK.

Bessie (to horse dealer)-I thought you told me that that saddle horse I bought would take in the bit without the slightest trouble? Dealer-Well, doesn't he? Bessie-No, he doesn't he! I held the bridle right

up to his nose, and clucked several times; but the ugly thing never made a move! Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode

Island, and Mr. Henry L. Pierce and Mr. T. Bailey Aldrich, of Boston, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., of England, is at the Bartholdi. General A. J. Warner, of Chio, and Mr. Francis G. Newlands, of Nevada, are at the Brunswick. Congressman James J. Belden, of Syracuse,

WASHINGTON WISHES

MANY A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

The Good Old Custom of Receiving Calls Magnificently Observed at the White House.

CABINET MEMBERS "AT HOME."

Governor Hill Welcomes State Officials and Friends at the Capitol and the Executive Mansion.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

COUNCE FIFTEENTH AND G STREETS, N. W., WASHINGTON, Jan I, 1891.

President and Mrs. Harrison received all the diplomatic, official and social world of the capital at their New Year leves.

The weather was a bad combination of fog and drizzling rain, but it did not affect this or any

other of the official receptions.

When the President and the receiving party came down stairs, just a few minutes past eleven o'clock Colonel Ernst led the way. In the party behind the President and Mrs. Harrison were the Vice President and Mrs. Morton, Secretary Blaine and Mrs. Russell Harrison, Secretary and Mrs. Windom, Attorney General and Mrs. Miller, Postmaster General Wanamaker and Mrs. Dimmick, Secretary Tracy and Mrs. McKee, Secretary and Mrs. Noble, Secretary and Mrs. Rusk and Mr. Halford escort-

ing Mrs. George Boyd.
All looked forward to the grand entrée of the Diplomatic Corps, led by the suave dean, Baron Fava. Secretary Blaine performed the agreeable duty of presenting the foreigners to the President, being assisted by Mr. Sevelion Brown. The Corps turned out in larger numbers than ever bereto fore-nearly all of the thirty-three countries with which we have diplomatic relations. In all the gayly apparelled throng Mr. Ye Cha Yun, Corean Chargé d'Affaires, and his pretty little wife, looked very demure.

THE SUPREME COURT. After the Corps came the Supreme Court. In the line with the members of the International American Conference, the International Railway Conference, the judges of the Court of Claims and of the District courts, the Commissioners of the District, ex-Ministers of the United States and exmembers of the Cabinet, there were but few

After the first half hour the Vice President and Mrs. Morton withdrew from the reception and went back to their own home to hold their reception. Their withdrawal was also the signal for the departure of Secretary Blaine and his daughter and the Cabinet ladies all felt equal freedom in leaving

General Schofield headed the long line of officers General Schoheld headed the long line of officers of the army and Commodores Baumsey and Farquhar the officers of the navy. Of the fifty ladies invited to receive with Mrs. Harrison there were present the wives of Sanators Blackburn, Aldrich, Blair. Cullom, Gray and Jones, of Arkansas; the wives of Representatives Andrew. Gogswell, Daizell, Grosvenor, Mrs. Licutenant Andrews, Mrs. W. C. P. Breckinridge, Mrs. and the Misses Ernst, Miss Clark, of Boston: Mrs. Scioy, Mrs. Ramsoy, Mrs. J. Mills Browne, Mrs. and the Misses Ernst, Miss Clark, of Boston: Mrs. Scioy, Mrs. Ramsoy, Mrs. J. Mills Browne, Mrs. and the Misses Ernst, Miss Halford, Mrs. William Haywood, Mrs. William T. Harris, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. E. Gardner, Mrs. Michener, Mrs. John Hay, Mrs. and Miss Warder, Mrs. Cathin, with the young ladies of the Cabinet and their guests.

Mrs. Athrison's Baltimore gown was of pale blue satin, brocaded in wavy lines of yellow. The front drapery was of jowelled net and where the train fell back from the sides there were blue estrichtips, caught with sprays of gold wheat. She wore diamond ornaments. She carried a bouquet of long stemmed pink rosses and a large point lace fau. Her gloves were of palest tam.

Mrs. Morton's gown was of white brocaded satin, flounced with old Venetian point. Her wast had elbow sleaves, and the square opening at the neck was filled in with lace. She were pearls, many strands in a deep nacklasee. She also carried a large bouquet of pink rosses.

At The vice President and Mrs. Morton stood in the Red Parlot to receive their callers. Mrs. Morton had assisting her Mrs. Senator Gray, Mrs. Senator option, Mrs. Senator Hale, Mrs. David Kine, Mrs. of the army and Commodores Bamsey and Far

scarcely a moment's cessation until three o'clock.

The Vice President and Mrs. Morton stood in the Red Farlor to receive their callers. Mrs. Morton had assisting her Mrs. Senator Gray, Mrs. Senator Dixon, Mrs. Senator Dixon, Mrs. Senator Dixon, Mrs. Senator Hale, Mrs. David King, Mrs. Theodore Rooseveit, Mrs. Stater, Mrs. T. B. M. Mason, Mrs. Linden Kent, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. Anson McCook, Miss Mattie Mitchell, Miss Cameron, Miss Rachel Sherman and Miss Hunt.

At the residence of the Secretary of State the great event of the day was the diplomatic breakfast. When the foreigners had reached the portico of the White House the rumor ran that the Blaine house was on fire. The fog which at that moment had settled down made it impossible to see the liquide, and the return of the measurest who had been despatched immediately upon the receipt of the news by the President was awaited with anxiety. In a short time the location of the fire was known to be at Mr. Lefter's, and while ralleving the concern in some degree et only transferred the general sympathy from the household of one friend to that of another.

When the Diplomatic Corps entered the drawing room of the Biaine massion its members were metwith the smilling wilcome and hearty hand clasp of Secretary Biaine. He stood near the fireplace in the spot where Mr. and Mrs. Walter Danrosch were married last spring, and pretty Miss Hattle Biaine was near him. The family all felt the greatest alarm as to the progress of the fire, but nobedy who was not in possession of that fact would have suspected it from their smilling demeanor.

Mrs. Biaine being in heavy mourning and the season being so close to the sad anniversaries of last winter, took no part in the festivities of the season being so close to the sad anniversaries of last winter, took no part in the festivities of the season being so close to the sad anniversaries of last winter, took no part in the festivities of the season being so close to the sad anniversaries of last winter, took no part in the festivities of

Miss Breckinringe, hiss froctor and are, General Caser.

Mrs. Noble, the wife of the Secretary of the Interior, had as her assistants Mrs. Honry Strong, the Misses Halstead, Mrs. R. J. Lackland, of St. Louis; Miss Clara Barton, Mrs. Greely, wife of General Greely; Mrs. Shelda, Mrs. Porter and Miss Sherman, daughter of Senator Sherman.

Mrs. Wanamaker, the wife of the Postmaster General, received from three to six.

Mrs. Miller, the wife of the Attorney General, was aided by Miss Miller, Mrs. Hale, of Peru, Ind.; Miss Mnox, of New York; Mrs. Tatt, Miss Ransdell, the Misses Wallace and Peck, of Indisnapolis; Miss Keyser, Miss Carrie Farker and Miss Cadwalader, of Cincinnali.

Cincinnati.

The wife of the Secretary of Agriculture received from two until six o'clock. She was assisted by the wife of Senator Spooner, Mrs. La Foliette, Mrs. Hangen, Mrs. Van Schaick, the Misses Rice, of Milwaukee: Miss Main, Miss Fougner and Miss Rusk.

The Speaker's wife did not receive.

THE GOVERNOR SHAKES HANDS. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1891 .- Governor Hill held a public reception at the Executive Chamber to-day between eleven A. M. and twelve o'clock noon. Among those who paid their respects were Briga-dier General Robert Shaw Ollver and his staff, Gen-eral Amass J. Parker, Colonel Fitch and the Officers of the Tenth battailon, the Burgess Corps, the Emmet Guards, the Academy cadets, Mayor Manning

and citizens generally.

The Governor also received his friends at the Executive Mansion between three and six this afternoon. Nearly three hundred called.

SQUIRES-JENKINS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

PIPTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 1, 1891 .- The wedding of Miss Sarah Eaton Jenkins, daughter of the Rev. J. I. Jenkins, pastor of the First Congregational Church, to Grant Squires, a young New York law-yer, took place at the First Congregational Church to-day.

to-day.

The Roy, Dr. Jenkins performed the ceremony.
The New York guests were Mrs. Robert Squires,
Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers Squires, Mrs. Walter
Squires, Mr. and Mrs. T. V. Alie and Miss Alice
Watson.

Fifty-niath street, entertained a number of guests last evening at a soirée musicale et dansante.

and roses. Jules Levy rendered with his wonderful cornet Aronson's waits "Sweet Sixteen;" Nickolai Gorskey sang a solo from "Faust," and there were solos by Miss Adele Strauss, Miss Clara Chandler and Miss Emily Barton.

Miss Eliae Hyse, planiste, and Mr. Chesshire, harpist, rendered some delightful selections.

Among the guests were the Marquis and Marquise di Lauza, Mr. and Mrs. Archibaid C. Gunther, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Eaton, Professor Gibler, the Misses Rosaile, Rena and Kate Aronson and Thomas Hollowell.

Mrs. Astor's luncheon at noon is the only society event aunounced for to-day.

The Matriarchs' ball at Newark last night was one of the grandest social events ever given in that

one of the grandest nocial events ever given in that city. There was a very large attendance, despite the storm.

The hall was handsomely decorated and the toilets were magnificent. Nearly all the prominent society people of Newark and vicinity were present.

The cotilion, which was begun at eleven o'clock, was led by Mr. Rowland P. Kessbey, who introduced a number of new figures. The patronesses and Committee of Arrangements were the wives of Newark's most prominent citizens.

Vice President Levi P. Morton has sold his summer residence, "Fair Lawn," on Bellevue avenue Newport, R. I., to Isaac Townsend Burden, of New York. The price paid was about \$130,000.

THEATRICAL CHIT CHAT.

Manager Amberg announces that he has engaged Frau Carl Streitmann, from the Josephstaedter Theatre, in Vienna. She will be seen shortly in "Die Gigerlu von Wien" (the Vienna Dudes).

The "Bootle's Baby" company is stranded at Galveston, Texas, and the Conried Opera Company cancelled its engagement at Houston, in the same State, on account of the prevalence of smallpox there. there.

Mr. W. A. Brady has made arrangements by which Mr. Gilmore is to release the seenery and properties of "Nero," and the former will place the spectacle with the lions on the road next week, opening in Washington. Mr. Davis. Mr. Locke's partner, has been engaged to manage the company.

Mr. T. Henry French has decided to give the Actors' Fund a benefit at the Garden Theatre on, the afternoon of January 15. Arrangements have been made whereby the Manhattan Athletic Club will give the entertainment, producing Miss Margaret Townsend's burlesque "The Devil in Search of a Wife."

of a Wife."

A Japanese troupe of jugglers and contortionists made their first appearance in this city resterday at the Eden Musée. The troupe consists of cight people, and they showed themselves to be very clever. Miss Haru twisted and turned herself into any number of shapes and was given quite a reception. Some of the feats were extremely well done and occasioned much applause. The troupe will probably be engaged to remain at the Musée for several months.

Mr. T. Henry Franch is to sail to may row for Fu-

Mr. T. Henry French is to sail to morrow for Eu-rope on La Bretagne. The object of his visit is to see "Ma Cousine," which he is to produce here, and also to see the production of Audran's comic opera, "La Cigale," in which Miss Lillian Russell will in all probability begin her season at the Gar-den Thestre in Soptember.

den Theatre in September.

Miss Ida Carpenter, who claims the title "Cleopatra," has written a long letter to the Hemald in support of it. "If Miss Davenport," writes Miss Carpenter, "can advertise Sardou's play under the name of 'Cleopatra' in this country despite the fact that I hold a copyright for said title, any one can name a play "Bean Brunmed," or "The County Fair," for that matter; for the term county fair is not original with the author of that play. His application of that term as a title of a play, however, seems to be original in this country." OUR FIRST TORPEDO CRUISER.

A TWENTY-THREE KNOT CRAFT TO CATCH TOR-

PRDO BOATS SENT OUT BY AN ENEMY. [FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

Herald Bureau, Corner Fifteenth and G Streets, N. W., Washington, Jau. 1, 1891. While the torpedo cruiser for which the bids will be opened February 11 at the Navy Department is to be much larger than first class torpedoboats she will still retain many of their charac teristics, such as great speed and quick mancuvring, to which will be added a steady gun platform and great stiffness. Her general dimensions are:-Length, 246.5 feet on deck and 259 feet on load line; beam, 27.5 feet; normal draught, 8 feet forward and 10 feet aft. She is to have twin screws, driven by direct acting, inverted, triple expansion, four cylin. der engines of 3,000 indicated horse power each. with eight Thornycroft boilers for supplying steam The whole machinery plant will weigh only 250 tons, which is much less than the ordinary weight

required to gain such power, being only 83 pounds for each indicated horse power. The hull is to have a double, bottom extending under the magazines and machinery, framed on the longitudinal system, the transverse frames being ten feet spart and the continuous longitudinal girders being eighteen inches apart. This ar rangement, taken with the bulkheads and protec

nal girders being eighteen inches apart. This arrangement, taken with the bulkheads and protective dock, will give great freedom from vibration due to the high speed of the engines.

FROTEGTION FOR THE VITALE.

The protective deck is to extend the full length of the ship, sloping down to two feet below the water line at the sides, the thickness on the slopes being three-fourths of an inch and one-half inch on the flat. This dock will cover the magazines, machinery space, electrical appliances, steering gear—in fact, all the vital parts—and with the coal that will be stowed instite the bunkers and the coffer dams will give as much protection from the fire of guns, large and small, as can be given in a vessel of her high speed and displacement.

She is to have a rudder of about eighty square feet area, actuated by direct acting, oscillating hydraulic sylinders, which will be capable of turning her around in about her own length, a necessary feature in this class of vessels, whose duty it is to catch and desiroly the torpode boat fittilla threwn out by modern battle ships as shirmishers. Her lines are carried out both forward and aft beyond the dock to give an easy clearance and run, thereby making less disturbance in passing through the water at the speed of twenty-three karts an hour.

The accommodations for officers and crew will be large and well lighted and ventilated. The gailers, lavatories, &c., will be situated in a small house that encloses the machinery hatches on the main deck. She will have two masts, rigged with fore and aft sails, and will carry three powerful search lights, besides a complete electric plant for interior illumination, running lights, &c.

The battery will consist of three t-inch breech leading rifles. four 6-pounders, four 1-pounders and two Gattlings, being an exceptionally heavy battery for a vessel of this speed and displacement. At her normal draughtshe will carry 40 tons of coal, but she will have buther capacity for a tosal of the searcing capacity of even will have buther cap

ARMY ORDERS.

WASHINGTON Jan. 1, 1891.—The following named officers having been found by Army Retiring boards incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident to the service are, by direction of the President, retired from active service this date:-Captain Clayton Hale, Sixteenth inthis date:—Captain C. M. Norvell, Twelfth infantry; Captain J. M. Norvell, Twelfth infantry; Captain J. B. Norvell, Twelfth infantry; Captain C. F. Roe, Eleventh infantry, and First Lieutenant J. J. Dougherty, Eleventh infantry, as a captain. The leave of absence granted First Lieutenant W. R. Abercombie, Second infantry, is extended four months on surgeon's certificate of disability. The leave of absence granted Captain J. T. Haskell, Twenty-third infantry, is extended for months on surgeon's certificate of disability. The leave of absence granted Captain J. T. Haskell, Twenty-third infantry, is extended ten days, Captain A. H. Russell, Ordnance a Department, is relieved from duty as Inspector of Ordnance at the Builders' from Foundry, Providence, R. I., and will proceed to Boston, Mass, and take station in that city as Inspector of Ordnance at the Bouth Boston Iron Works. The following named medical officers will proceed without delay to Pine Ridge Agency, S. D., and report in person to the Commanding General, Department of the Platte, for duty in the field:—Captain H. S. Kilbourne, assistant surgeon: Captain E. F. Gardner, assistant surgeon; Captain E. F. Gardner, assistant surgeon Captain Richard I. Extridge, Twenty-third Infantry, is detailed as a member of the Board of Officers afort Sam Houston, Texas, for the examination of officers for promotion, vice Lieutenant Colonel William L. Keilogg, Fifth infantry, relieved. Leave of absence for one month is granted Post Chaplain Heury H. Hall, United States Army, Smuch of special orders of November 10, 1890, as directs Second Lieutenant Henry J. Hunt, Fifteenth infantry, to join his company by January 10, 1891, is amended, on account of illness, to direct him to join his company by March I, 1891.

Among the cadets appointed to the Military Academy are E. P. O'Sullivan, New York City, Tweifth New York, and Conway H. Arnold, New York City, Tweifth New York, and Conway H. Arnold, New York City, Tweifth New York, and Conway H. Arnold, New York City. fantry; Captain J. M. Norvell, Twelfth infantry;

BAD ENDING OF AN AMATEUR PLAY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Jan. 1, 1891. - Walter Stratton, of Smithland, shot and dangerously wounded Ros-SOCIETY EVENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Aronson, No. 30 West
Fifty-niath street, entertained a number of guests
last evering at a spirite municale et damante.

The house was trimmed with Christmas greens

The house was trimmed with Christmas greens

To Budd's walls giving an amateur Wild West performance. Stratton impersonated Buffalo Bill and Budd represented Sitting Bull.

One of the scenes was a hand to hand conflict, in which revolvers were used. A loaded shell was used by Stratton in miscake, and found lodgment in Budd's thigh, making a dangerous and probably fatal wound. coe Budd white giving an amatour Wild West per-